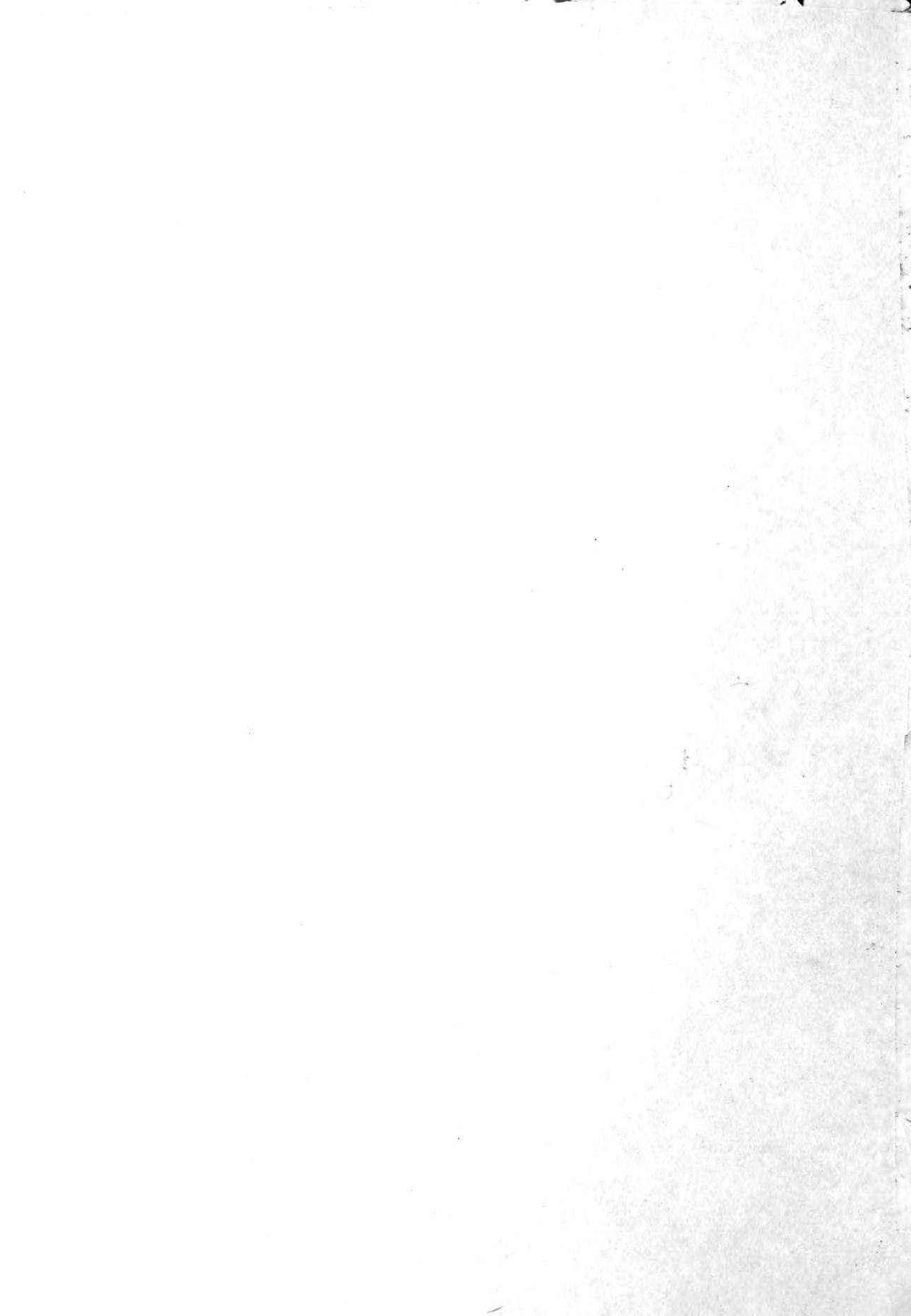


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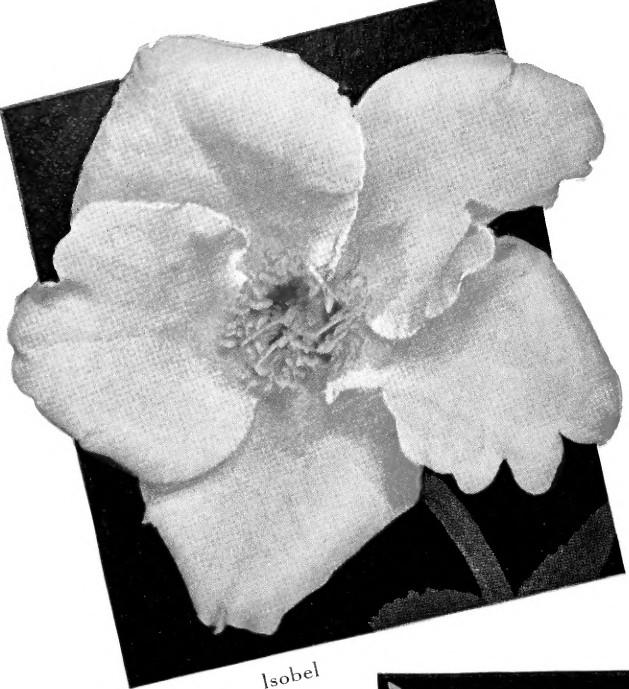
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The Blue Book
Of Roses

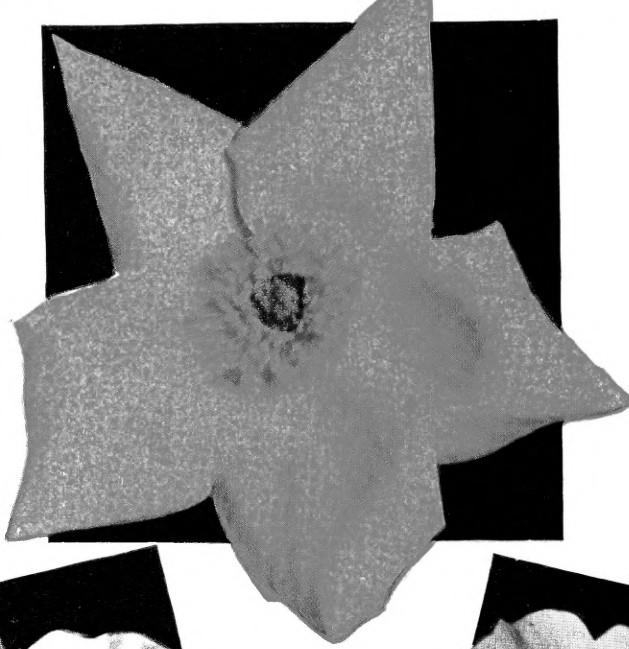


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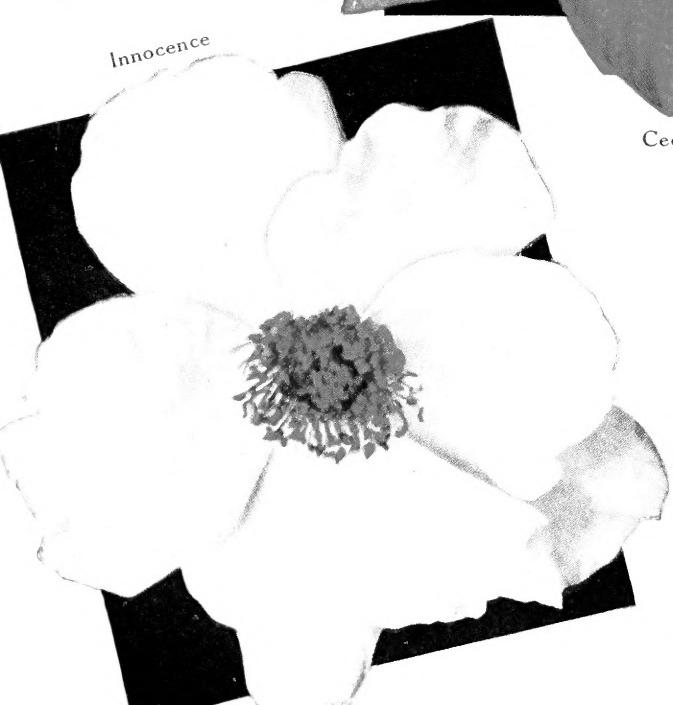


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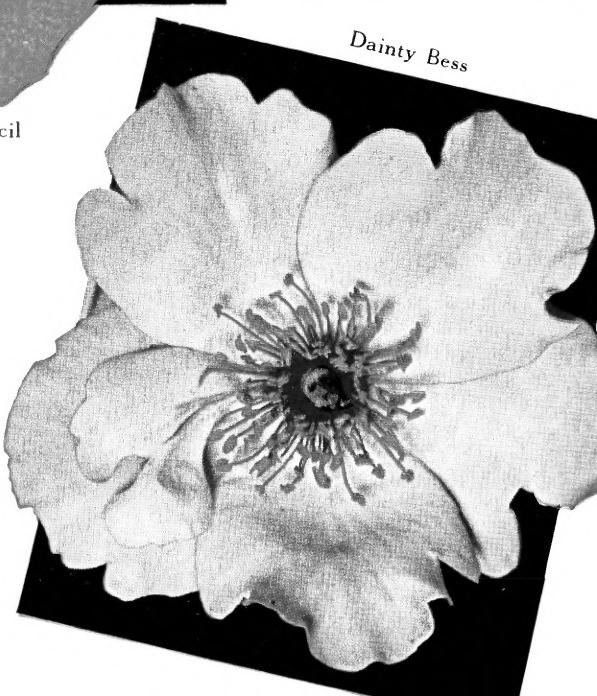
*Single
Collection*
5 Charming
Single Roses
for
\$3.65
(A \$4.00 value)



Cecil



Innocence



Dainty Bess

*Wyant
Roses*
Produce
abundantly
*
You will
enjoy them

Wyant Blue Blood ROSES

THERE ARE many kinds of Roses just as there are many kinds of automobiles. You can buy a low priced one and get what you pay for or you can purchase one with a good reputation and it will undoubtedly stand up to its good name.

WYANT ROSES are of Blue Blood stock. They have a reputation and can live up to it. When they are started in the nursery they are not just stuck out in the field and left for Nature to grow. Every operation is done at the exact moment when it should be and everything is done in the best manner possible for the future good of the Rose. The pedigreeing starts right with the roots and only pure blue blood flows into the plant until it leaves the nursery.

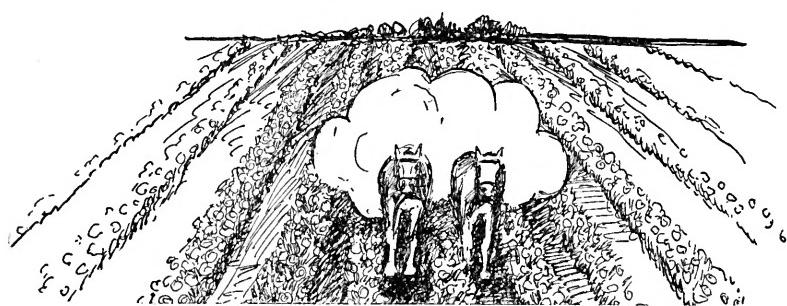
THE EXCELLENCE of the roots of Wyant Roses is not just a happen-chance. Cheaper roots to start the Roses can be bought abroad but Wyant roots are started and harvested right here at home under our own guidance. They produce strong plants full of vitality with numerous fine, leathery, fibrous roots. These roots transplant easily and if given a little reasonable care, start off quickly and strongly. Their blue blood actually tells; they are aristocrats.

AND NOT ONLY do the roots show the effect of blue-blooding but the rest of the plant as well. The propagating material called bud-wood is carefully selected from the strongest plants and only from those which have bloomed with the type of bloom that is most desired. WYANT BLUE-BLOOD ROSES are superior; they are not just Roses.

BESIDES HAVING the superiority of being blue-blood Roses, WYANT ROSES are raised by specialists. In fact, only specialists could go to the care and trouble that blue-blood Roses require. Constantly, for the 3 years that the Rose is in our hands, they are watched and tended when they need it and in the way they need it. No other crops are grown and our workmen are specialized in their duties so that the Roses get the best of care.

WHY SPECIALISTS and why blue-blood Roses? Just to make Rose growing in your garden easier and more enjoyable.

Melvin E. Wyant



This giant Duster keeps Wyant Roses healthy

IMPORTANT CULTURAL HINTS

When the Rose plants have been selected, the next step in the growing of successful Roses is the study of the proper methods of culture. Any Rose lover knows that through the attention to certain principles of cultivation better results can be obtained. Simple directions accompany every Wyant Rose, but the suggestions given below are intended to offer additional help to Rose lovers.

Selection of Location

In selecting the location for your Rose bed, it is not important whether your Roses are to get morning or afternoon sunlight, but that they do get about a half a day of sun. Part shade is even preferable to a full day of sunlight.

Tree Roots

Select a location where tree roots cannot interfere with your Rose roots. It is surprising how quickly tree roots will find a Rose bed and fill it, consuming food and moisture intended for the Roses. If tree roots are present, dig a trench around your Rose bed, as deep as the tree roots extend, thereby cutting off all that might attempt to enter the Rose bed. This trench may be filled in again immediately, and should be dug around the Rose bed every year if the tree roots prove bothersome.

Plant Early

The best time in the Spring to plant Wyant Roses is just as soon as the soil is workable. The larger part of the gardening public wait until the warm, sunshiny days of Spring to start their planting. This is too late to plant to get good results. In this latitude late March is an ideal time in the Spring and planting as late as May seldom gives the results you anticipate. Fall planting is usually safer even than Spring planting, but if you can plant in early Spring it is no use losing a whole season of enjoyment by waiting until Fall, for early Spring planted Hybrid Teas start to bloom in June of the same year.

Treatment of Rose Bushes on Receipt

Plant Rose bushes as soon as possible after they are received. The roots are packed in damp moss in shipment, but this cannot keep them indefinitely. If the weather does not permit planting when the bushes are received, take the bundle out of the paper and bury it, covering both tops and roots with soil. Do not drown the Roses in water nor allow the packages to lie around and dry out if you expect good results.

Planting

If you want successful Roses, plant the bushes close together so that the foliage will keep the ground shaded and cool; 12 to 15 inches is the rule for the Hybrid Teas, the taller varieties being placed for the best effect. Colors in Roses seldom clash, although you will enjoy finding your favorite combinations.

Instead of waiting until the bushes arrive, it is better, a couple of weeks in advance to spade the soil down 15 to 18 inches, adding plenty of manure, if it is available, and if drainage is needed, the bed should be tiled and surplus water carried away. Guard against the roots drying out from exposure to sun, wind or freezing during planting. Do not use chemical fertilizer when planting Wyant Roses; bonemeal and rotten manure only may be used at planting time.

Pruning

When a Rose is set in the Spring, shorten the strong branches to 6 or 8 inches, and the weaker even more. Heap the soil as high as the branches are

pruned, to protect against drying out, until the roots become established. Remove this bank of soil when the shoots start, so that the bud, or crown, is about level with the soil surface.

If you want long stems and large flowers, pick your blooms with long stems. For quantities of bloom, cut short stems and nip old blossoms after the petals fall. In cutting first blossoms from the big, strong canes which have shot up from the base of the plant, leave enough of that strong stem to form the structure of a bush. Cut side branches back to one or two leaves when cutting flowers.

The only Fall pruning recommended is shortening tall bushes, down to about 2 feet, so that they will not windwhip. The real pruning for established bushes is given in the Spring when the bank of soil is removed. At this time remove dead wood from the Hybrid Teas and cut the strong branches down to the highest big live bud. Shorten or remove weak growths.

Hybrid Perpetuals can be shortened down about one-third and from climbers the dead wood should be removed. In July, after the first big burst of bloom is over, you may again prune climbers, but pruning is not recommended unless the plant is too large for the trellis. The weak branches of Polyanthas should be cut down and the strong ones shortened one-half.

Soils

In years past, the opinion was that Roses should have a clay soil, but Wyant Roses will grow in almost any soil, if it has food or humus incorporated into it.

It is best to keep away from either extremely heavy or extremely light soil, for the loam soils will have more food in them. Any rotted vegetable matter (humus) mixed into the soil improves the texture and makes it better for the Roses. The best soil you can get is best soil for Roses.

The Ph of Soils

The acidity and alkalinity of soils is designated by Ph. A neutral soil has a Ph of 7, while anything less than 7 is acid, getting more and more so as the number becomes smaller, and anything above 7 is alkaline, getting more and more so as the number grows larger.

It has been found that Roses are very tolerant. They will grow in a soil from 4.5 Ph up to 8 Ph, but the best growing conditions seem to be found in a soil that is neutral or slightly acid—that is, around 6 to 7 Ph. Lime, in almost any form, can be used to make soils more alkaline and sulphur to make them more acid.

Feeding

Bonemeal is the only Fall fertilizer for Roses that is recommended. After the ground has become frozen, apply fresh, strawy manure if it is procurable. In the Spring, when the bank of soil is removed, apply Wyant Rose Food, or else a complete chemical fertilizer, to the established plants but not to newly set Roses. Wyant Rose Food is recommended, because it is of organic composition rather than chemical, and even after long usage does not make the soil toxic, nor burn, as a chemical fertilizer will. Much fertilizing will produce much bloom, so during June

or early July make another application to new as well as to established Roses, and then again in the latter part of August, not after September 1st. Each time, apply about a handful to medium strong bushes, less to weaker, and more to stronger bushes.

Watering

If the soil around your Roses is kept cultivated, it will seldom be in need of watering. However, during an extended drought, it is advisable to water. When you do water your Roses, soak the ground thoroughly for hours and then do not repeat for a week. It does no harm to wet the foliage occasionally for a short time so as to wash it off, but ordinarily it is recommended that watering be done on the ground at the base of the plants.

An application of peat put on in July and left the rest of the season helps to retain moisture and keeps the soil cooler and in better condition for Rose growing.

Disease and Insect Control

A little attention and care will remedy the few diseases and insects that attack Rose plants. Dusting is preferable to spraying, for it is easier and quicker.

Spray or dust aphids, the small green lice that appear about the tips of the shoots, with insecticides containing nicotine or rotenone. Spray or dust worms and insects that eat leaves, with rotenone or with a poison, such as arsenate of lead, one of the ingredients of Wyant's Massey Dust. Either of the above pests can be controlled with Wyant Rose Dust.

Knock Rose chafers, the large grayish bugs with long legs and snouts, into a pan of water covered with coal oil. Place a drop of shellac or thick white lead on all cut ends in the Spring, to keep out the carpenter bee, which makes a hole in the exposed pith.

Prevent black-spot, the disease which makes leaves drop off, by dusting with any of Wyant's Dusts beginning as soon as the leaves come out and continuing about every week, and more often in rainy weather. Apply a light, even coat with a gun on a calm evening before the dew, if possible, thereby protecting the foliage so that it will be retained until frost.

Mildew, which causes the young leaves to turn white and curl, can also be controlled by dusting with Wyant's Dusts.

It is so important to keep your Roses healthy and so easy to do it with our dust and gun that it gives considerable added satisfaction when you retain the foliage on the bushes throughout the season and get

that marvelous crop of blooms in the Fall. Start dusting early and be conscientious about continuing it often.

Winter Sterilization of Rose Bed

Dr. Massey of Cornell University who is the leading authority on Rose diseases in this country, states that there is no scientific evidence to show that dormant spraying is worth while but in my own garden I spray with lime-sulphur, dormant strength and I find that black-spot is much easier to prevent than it used to be before I used a dormant spray. In the early Winter before I give the Roses their Winter protection, I spray the plants and the ground around them, even the grass paths between the beds.

Then I repeat in the Spring after the protection is removed. I find it better to apply it with a sprinkling can instead of a sprayer and use about 1 pound to 4 gallons of water. Lime-sulphur is very toxic to diseases and kills the disease spores on leaves that are still on the plants and those which have dropped to the ground. Bordeaux would do a little good but nothing compared with lime-sulphur. I can supply lime-sulphur at 35c. per 1-pound can, or an 8-pound sack for \$1.00.

The Blue Book of 1940 gives accurate descriptions of the characteristics and colors of some 250 varieties of Roses. These range from a favorite of 400 years ago to the finest newest novelties just created.

The descriptions are so accurate in every detail that a Rose lover can feel perfectly safe in selecting their favorites from these pages.

MELVIN E. WYANT

LEARN MORE ABOUT ROSES GET THIS BOOK

"HOW TO GROW ROSES"

By Pyle and McFarland

Every step in the successful growing of Roses is made clear in this how-to-do-it book. There is much expert information also about selection, planning, planting, and care for them under all conditions. 192 pages, 87 pictures. Postpaid, \$1.10.

PLANT WYANT ROSES

It may sound as if the diseases and insects are very troublesome and numerous on Roses but you will be surprised how easily your bushes can be kept healthy by following our recommendations.

Wyant Roses are kept healthy in the nursery, so are full of life and vitality. They are the best that can be raised. They are called 2 years old but in order to give them the highest quality possible they are grown a full year longer in our nursery than some others. Wyant Roses have three-year-old roots and strong tops. You should see their fine roots. What

difference does it make to have a 2-year root or a 3-year root? Just this—there is almost no loss from transplanting one of Wyant Roses. They start easily and produce an average of 40 to 50 blossoms per bush a year. Wyant Roses are full of life and vigor.

After you have had Wyant Roses you will never be satisfied with something less good. You will find that Roses are not just Roses but there is a difference in them. Wyant Blue Blood Roses give the growth and blooms that you expect, they produce satisfaction.

HYBRID TEA ROSES

This is the largest and most important group of Roses for it includes the so-called Everblooming or Monthly blooming Roses. It is the group that most people are thinking about when they are talking about Roses.

The bushes usually grow 1½ to 3 feet high and should be planted 12 to 15 inches apart in beds. We like to have the soil between the plants kept loosened and if they are planted relatively close together they will shade the ground, keeping it cooler and in better condition for the Roses during the Summer thereby producing more blooms.

Alezane (*Plant Patent 116*). The intense spectacular color makes this Rose one of the outstanding new varieties. Urn-shaped buds open to reddish brown, semi-double blooms. The medium-sized blooms are produced freely on a moderate growing bush. 27 petals. \$1.25.

Alice Harding (*Plant Patent 202*). This new yellow Rose seems to be right at home in hot weather. The intense Sunflower yellow holds very well in the heat. The bush is a low grower of only moderate vigor. 40 petals. \$1.50.

Amelia Earhart (*Plant Patent 63*). For those who like very large, very double blossoms, this Rose will appeal to them. On account of their size there are relatively few blossoms and the plant is only a fair grower. 80 large petals. \$1.25.

Ami F. Mayery. The beautiful shade of pink called cochineal pink is very appealing in this Rose with its large, semi-double blossoms. It is a new variety well worth trying if you want something charming and different. 26 petals. 85c.

Ami Quinard. There are some who want the deepest red colors possible in a Rose such as are found in this one. The long buds opening into medium-sized blossoms are very freely produced on an erect, good growing bush. 15 petals. 80c.

Angels Mateu (*Plant Patent 174*). The color of this new variety is most appealing. It varies from orange rose to coral. The blooms are large, well formed and deliciously fragrant. From customers' reports it is a very good grower in the garden. 31 petals. \$1.25.

Antinea. The beautiful blended copper and gold petals form an exquisite long, tapering bud that opens into a large, enchanting blossom but only those who like the simple, semi-double blossoms should get it for there are only 18 petals. The bush is a strong, medium tall grower. \$1.00.

Apricot Dawn. Our new introduction of last year of which we are indeed proud. It is a delightful, foolproof variety. Most everyone knows the ease with which Golden Dawn is produced in the yellow class. This new sport (variation) of Golden Dawn is just as good and is of attractive apricot shading. The colors are quite similar to those of Rev. F. Page-Roberts, buff-apricot on the inside and deeper apricot on the outside of the broad petals. The blossoms are the same size and form as those of Golden Dawn, are produced as freely and are of rich, spicy fragrance. 42 petals. \$1.25.

Autumn. A most spectacular Rose, having some of the same hues as President Hoover but exposing more scarlet. This variety is losing in favor on account of its susceptibility to black-spot. 41 petals. 80c.

Better Times (*Plant Patent 23*). The deep, cerise flowers are large, double and delicately perfumed. Being freely produced on long stems they are excellent for cutting. A very successful garden variety. \$1.00.

Betty Uprichard. The two-tone coral color is intriguing. The bush is one of foolproof habit; strong, tall and upright. 23 petals. 80c.

Black Knight (*Plant Patent 159*). The medium-sized double blossoms are well formed and the deep red color is almost black. 30 petals. \$1.25.

Brazier. As the name implies, the color is a bright flame-scarlet. Pointed buds of burnt orange open to double, fragrant flowers of dazzling brilliance. The two-tone petals curl back Cactus-like, giving a startling appearance. \$1.00.

Briarcliff. Has replaced Columbia but the average person cannot tell the difference. The large, double pink blooms of Briarcliff are borne on strong, smooth stems. Rich fragrance. 44 petals. 80c.

Carillon (*Plant Patent 136*). So named because it is always cheerful and gay. The lively coral flame blossoms are freely produced on a plant of spreading habit. 23 petals. 85c.

Cathrine Kordes. An outstanding new Rose of great merit. The large, well formed blooms are a deep pink with orange at the base. 54 petals. 85c.

Cecil. Just five petals comprise this single variety. The petals are real yellow, large and broad. The bush is a medium low grower of bushy habit. 80c.

Cecile Walter. One of my favorite varieties. The 28 large salmon petals form a beautiful shaped Rose. The bush is medium tall. 85c.

Charles K. Douglas. One of the good old standbys in red Roses. The large, loose, fragrant blooms remain a good color in all kinds of weather and the bush is a large, easy grower. 32 petals. 80c.

Charles P. Kilham. All who see the well-shaped, beautiful blooms on this low spreading plant are sure to admire it. They are deep rose pink blended with copper. 50 petals. 80c.

Chateau de Clos Vougeot. If it wasn't for the difficult name, I believe this Rose would be more popular. It is one of the blackest red Roses. Its 40 curly small petals make it quite double and it is very fragrant. The plant is low and spreading. 80c.

Christopher Stone. A new gold medal Rose that is thrilling in every way from the bud until the petals drop. The very bright, velvety scarlet flowers never show any blue in their color and have an intense damask fragrance. A good grower and bloomer. 30 petals. \$1.00.

Condesa de Sastago. The intense two-tone color, red and yellow is so striking that most everyone who sees it wants it. The blossoms are large, double and very richly fragrant. The bush is a vigorous, medium tall grower. 63 petals. \$1.00.

Courtess Vandal (*Plant Patent 38*). You can't help but enjoy its charming blooms. They are well formed and produced freely on a good growing bush; everyone speaks well of it. The combination of its orange, coral, salmon and flesh shades are entrancing. 30 petals. \$1.00.

IT IS EASY TO GROW ROSES IF YOU LOVE THEM

HYBRID TEA ROSES • Continued

Crimson Glory (*Plant Patent 105*). A new Rose that is a real glory. The deep velvety red blossoms are exquisite all year and are abundantly produced on low growing, compact bushes. It is an easy growing foolproof variety that blooms quite continuously. 30 petals. \$1.25.

Dainty Bess. Well described by its name. It is a charming little five-petal Rose with a delicate flesh pink tint with lavender shading and purple stamens. 80c.

Dickson's Centennial (*Plant Patent 223*). A newer, large, globular blossom of deep crimson color. The plant is thorny, of low bushy growth with heavy foliage. 40 petals. \$1.00.

Director Rubio. Very large, broad, flat blossoms open from long slender buds. Deep rose pink color. The bush is a low, upright grower. 36 petals. 80c.

Dooryard Delight. This new type of Rose is a foolproof grower in every respect. Its foliage is free from black spot and mildew and it does not freeze down in the Winter. Its light pink blooms are borne in large trusses on an upright growing bush that is about $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high and it gets to be a good-sized plant, so should not be set closer than 2 ft. apart. The blossoms are of medium size, fully double and although not spectacular, the foolproof habit of the plant recommends it sufficiently. \$1.50

Duchess of Wellington. The long buds are coppery yellow and open to broad, attractive blossoms with beautiful yellow stamens. Disease-resistant, foolproof habit. 20 large petals. 80c.

Duquesa de Penaranda. This very artistic Rose has the newer copper and brownish shades. Long bud. 38 petals. \$1.00.

Eclipse (*Plant Patent 172*). This sensational Rose eclipses them all. The long, streamlined buds enhanced by ornamental sepals are pure yellow without shading. The long, stiff stems usually have a single blossom at their apex. I recommend it as one of the finest new yellow Roses. 25 petals. \$1.25.

Edith Krause. The immense pure white, perfect blossoms are borne singly on long, strong stems. The blossoms are so large that a bush does not produce many of them but they are so wonderful that it pays to have several bushes of them. The bush is an upright medium tall grower. 30 petals. \$1.00.

Edith Nellie Perkins. It seems that everyone who has it is a booster for it. The blossoms are a light salmon pink, shading to white with orange at the base. 32 petals. 80c.

Editor McFarland. An easy growing plant producing a lot of fine rose pink blossoms. 30 petals. 80c.

Edouard Schill. The large, globular blossoms of copper pink are borne on strong, medium large plants. 50 petals. 80c.

Eternal Youth (*Plant Patent 332*). The perfectly formed buds are long and pointed and colored a beautiful soft, rosy pink. The bud is held well as the blossoms expand and the color remains a lovely clear pink, sometimes suffused with a touch of salmon. The growth is vigorous. 53 petals. \$1.50.

Etoile de Hollande. Most Rose growers agree that this is supreme among the red Roses. Its scarlet blossoms develop perfectly on strong growing plants. Spicy fragrance. 32 petals. 80c.

Faience. The lovely soft shades in this new Rose are entrancing. The large, beautifully formed flowers are an artistic China-pink on the inside of the petals while the outside is a soft yellow, lightly shaded with pink. 45 petals. \$1.00.

Feu Pernet Ducher (*Plant Patent 103*). Real yellow, very double, abundantly produced, a strong grower and its disease-resistant qualities all make this Rose a very worthwhile acquisition. Sometime in the Spring though its first blossoms are whitish but they deepen as the season advances until in the Fall you have an almost perfect yellow blossom. 85 petals. \$1.00.

George Chesnel. It is unusual to have such deep golden yellow color in a Rose. The buds are long and pointed with a blush of crimson. The blossoms open into a medium size Rose of deep lasting yellow without blend. The plant is an erect grower. The stems are long, strong and straight, with usually only one blossom at the apex. A very worthwhile new variety. 25 petals. \$1.25.

Gipsy Lass. Its large number of double deep red blossoms, produced on long stems, makes it a worthwhile acquisition. 70 small petals. 80c.

Gloaming (*Plant Patent 137*). Both the blossoms and bush are indeed superior. The large, long buds open into luminous pink blossoms with salmon shadings. The bush grows well, retaining its foliage when others around it drop theirs. 36 large and 4 small petals. \$1.00.

Glowing Carmine. A fine exhibition and cut flower variety. The buds are very large and globular, opening into full, well-shaped carmine blossoms of a solid color. A good grower. 40 petals. \$1.00.

Glowing Sunset (*Plant Patent 137*). As the name implies, this Rose has some of the apricot and copper hues along with yellow and bronze. It opens beautifully with the bud holding well in the center. 35 petals. \$1.00.

Golden Dawn. An easy growing, foolproof yellow Rose. Its large, double, cupped light yellow blossoms are freely produced on a low growing bush. You should have this delightful, fragrant variety. 42 large petals. 80c.

Golden Main (*Plant Patent 254*). The numerous blossoms are of the purest deepest yellow. They are medium size with 54 small petals. \$1.25.

Golden Rapture. A new yellow Rose with glistening bright blossoms held erect on good stems for cutting. 17 large petals. 80c.

Golden Sastago (*Patent Applied for*). Being a sport (variation) of Condesa de Sastago, it has the same fine characteristics, such as large blossoms, strong growth and abundant foliage. The color is a deep, clear yellow. 55 petals. \$1.25.

Golden West. The long, tapering buds are flushed with pink and enhanced with attractive, long, green sepals. When they open the blossoms are pure yellow, semi-double and the petals curl Cactus-like. 21 petals. \$1.00.

Grenoble. A truly noble Rose. Its straight, stiff stems hold the sparkling red blossoms erect. They are always a good red and usually come singly on the stems. Good growers. 41 petals. 80c.

QUANTITY DISCOUNTS ON LAST PAGE

HYBRID TEA ROSES • Continued

Gruss an Teplitz. There is no other Rose that produces as much bloom. Its numerous bright red blossoms are borne in clusters. This variety is a tall, hardy grower and should be used as garden decoration rather than for cut flowers. 42 petals. 80c.

Heinrich Wendland. The great hybridizer Kordes originated this and the following variety. They are both marvelous and somewhat similar in color. Wendland is a good grower producing coral and apricot blossoms that deepen to gold at the base of the broad petals. 55 large and 20 small petals. 85c.

Hinrich Gaede. A little more spectacular than Wendland but not quite as reliable a grower. Its color is a brilliant deep coral. 40 large and 7 small petals. 85c.

Impress. As impressive as its name. A rose long to be remembered with its large, double coral pink blossoms. 55 petals. 80c.

Independence Day. No yellowish Rose produces as many blossoms. Its flowers are semi-double apricot yellow. 20 petals. 80c.

Innocence. The name is characteristic of the simple single white blossoms of this charming Rose. The blossoms open to about 4 in. in diameter. 10 petals. 80c.

Irish Fireflame. An alluring little single Rose with a blend of soft apricot and salmon. The small, long-pointed buds with handsome sepals are great for the buttonhole. 5 petals. 80c.

Isobel. Another charming single variety. Its color is a beautiful blended soft pink shading to yellow at the base of the 7 broad petals. 80c.

Jean Bostick. Another delightful sport of a favorite, Condesa de Sastago. Its large, deep yellow blossoms are produced on long, strong stems. 50 petals. \$1.00.

Jean Cote (*Plant Patent 321*). The large, solid orange blossoms, almost brown, come singly and continuously on good stems that wave gracefully in the breeze. An attractive new variety. \$1.50.

Joanna Hill. Everyone knows this lovely, soft, yellow Rose. Its attractive way of uncurling its petals and its long stems make it one of the most popular Roses. 53 petals. 80c.

Joseph Strand. The strong bushes produce gorgeous big blooms on strong stems. The broad petals are a soft luminous rose pink with a gold base. 31 petals. 85c.

Jules Gaujard. Having a yellow blend in the overall pink petals makes this a different color than most pink Roses. Large, cupped blossoms are freely produced on strong stems. 55 petals. 80c.

Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria. Long known as the most perfect white blossom, its praises cannot be too highly sung. The stems are long and wiry. 82 petals. 80c.

Katherine Pechtold. The color blends are alluring. They range from orange vermillion to deep orange and are equally charming in the bud and open flower. The bud is long and slender, really streamlined. \$1.00.

Kidwai. The way the bud is held in the center of the large yellow blossom makes it unusually attractive. Pink tints blending delicately with the yellow, make it even more fascinating. 26 petals. 85c.

K of K. A simple little single Rose of 10 petals. The crimson red blossoms are borne very freely on a good growing bush. 80c.

Lady Alice Stanley. This good old standby is two-tone pink, lighter on the inside than the outside. Foolproof and richly fragrant. 60 petals. 80c.

Lady Ashtown. All agree that it is a good Rose in every respect. As the large rose pink buds expand, the petals curl back pointed and symmetrical. The bush is a large, robust grower. 43 petals. 80c.

Lady Forteviot. The informal semi-double blooms are perfectly beautiful. They are lovely soft orange and apricot and are borne profusely on a vigorous growing bush. 17 petals. 80c.

La Parisienne. Numerous blossoms greatly resembling those of Mme. Edouard Herriot are produced on this healthy growing bush. Long buds opening reddish coral. \$1.00.

Leonard Barron. One of the immense Roses that beginners enjoy so much. Light pink blossoms are crowded with petals. Large buds open unusually attractive for such a big Rose. They are crowded with glowing light pink petals. 85c.

Lucie Marie. The salmon and gold suffusion of the large, double flowers make a showy Rose. Bush is tall and strong. 40 petals. 80c.

Lydia. An exceptionally fine Rose for cut flower purposes. The buds are especially large and long, of a lovely, clear pink color. A sturdy, upright grower. 37 petals. 85c.

Mabelle Stearns (*Plant Patent 297*). This is a fool-proof Rose of spreading habit which should be planted about 5 ft. apart. The branches grow horizontally like a Pfitzer Juniper and the plant gets about 2½ ft. high. It blooms like a Hybrid Tea but neither freezes down in the Winter nor gets diseased in the Summer. The blossoms are a dawn pink shade, of medium size, very double and hold the center well as they open. 61 large and 64 small petals. \$2.00.

Margaret Belle Houston. Very large, very double deep red blooms are produced on very strong upright plants. It is a stately Rose. 74 petals. \$1.00.

Margaret McGredy. One of the older of the McGredy Roses and one of the best. Its growth is compact, its foliage abundant and its large round blossoms are an attractive orange scarlet. 38 petals. 80c.

Matador (*Plant Patent 170*). This new patented Rose has large, deep red blooms that are sure to please. Its velvety broad petals are exceptionally fragrant. 37 petals. \$1.00.

Max Krause. For those who want a large, double, pure yellow Rose, this fits the bill. It is a high quality Rose of 60 petals. \$1.00.

Mayor Cermak. Globular, deep red buds open into large cupped blossoms filled with small petals. 76 petals. 85c.

McGredy's Gem. This remarkable strong plant produces a large quantity of medium-sized gem-like blooms. The petals of the light pink blossoms curl back symmetrically reminding one of a perfect cut gem. 24 large and 15 small petals. \$1.00.

McGredy's Ivory. One of the very best of the new white Roses. Long buds open into perfectly formed ivory white blossoms which are larger than the average. They are fine for cutting, coming on strong, straight stems. 25 petals. \$1.00.

Wyant Roses produce satisfaction

HYBRID TEA ROSES - Continued

McGredy's Peach. One of the lesser known McGredy Roses. The color is Peach pink and the bush is a medium grower. 85c.

McGredy's Pride (*Plant Patent 339*). The distinctive apricot yellow color, almost brown, makes this variety very attractive. Its growth however is only moderately strong. \$1.50.

McGredy's Scarlet. Another McGredy Rose that is very popular. It is scarlet only in the Fall and other times is a good deep pink. The buds are especially slender. The bush is a tall fine grower. 35 petals. 80c.

McGredy's Sunset (*Plant Patent 317*). A deep yellow flushed with scarlet. The yellow color is very sun-resistant and the bush is a prolific bloomer and a fair grower. \$1.50.

McGredy's Triumph (*Plant Patent 190*). When McGredys call a Rose their "triumph" you can count on it being a great Rose. Large, Geranium-red blooms flushed with orange are produced on strong, branchy plants. 34 petals. \$1.25.

McGredy's Wonder. In the Fall when its color is the deepest and its size the largest, it surely can be called a "wonder." The semi-double blossoms are very spectacular orange copper and are liberally produced on a large, strong bush. 21 petals. 85c.

McGredy's Yellow. The large, soft blooms keep on coming almost continuously. The large petals open out broad and gracefully making a most attractive blossom. 31 large and 5 small petals. \$1.00.

Miss America (*Plant Patent 264*). Not as sylph-like as the name would suggest. On the contrary the blossoms are very large and flat, being composed of 65 petals. The light salmon to buff yellow blossoms are produced singly on long stems throughout the season. \$1.00.

Miss Rowena Thom. One of the largest pink Roses and produced by a large growing bush. The habit of growth as well as the blossom remind you of Radiance, but the bloom is more attractive. The fragrance is especially strong. 43 petals. 80c.

Mme. Butterfly. An old favorite which took the place of a still older favorite, Ophelia. The shell pink buds are long and urn-shaped, richly fragrant. 25 petals. 80c.

Mme. Cochet Cochet (*Plant Patent 129*). We like the blossoms as well as the sturdy growth of this newer Rose. The soft salmon pink blooms often remind us of Los Angeles, but it is so much easier to grow and is so disease-resistant we call it fool-proof. 20 petals. \$1.00.

Mme. Henry Guillot (*Patent Applied for*). A new variety that we highly recommend in every way. The growth is strong and vigorous, the foliage glossy and beautiful and the blossoms are unusually attractive in their peculiar shade of cerise pink. They are sensational in the bud stage and likewise in the open blossom. 30 petals. \$1.50.

Mme. Jean Gaujard (*Plant Patent 338*). One of the newest and a dandy. The bud is very long and the bush is an upright, vigorous grower so that you have a great Rose for cutting. The color at first is a copper buff changing to a soft buff as the blossoms become open and cupped. \$1.50.

Mme. Joseph Perraud. This has been our favorite Rose the last two or three seasons. You ought to see it and you couldn't help but want it. Long stems, long buds, and deep cadmium yellow blossoms toned with burnt orange. 38 petals. \$1.00.

Mme. Jules Bouche. One of the favorite white Roses. A good sturdy, foolproof grower with beautiful white blooms touched with faint pink at the center. Intensely fragrant. 32 petals. 80c.

Mme. Nicolas Aussel. The long, copper pink buds and blossoms last well when in water. A prolific bloomer. 44 petals. 80c.

Mrs. Charles Bell. One of the Radiance family which should be better known. Its large, shell-pink blossoms are identical in shape with those of Radiance. A large, fool-proof grower. 30 petals. 80c.

Mrs. E. P. Thorn. The most popular yellow Rose. Its Sunflower-yellow blooms are borne in profusion on nice stems for cutting. A good grower and dependable in every respect. 29 petals. 80c.

Mrs. Francis King (*Plant Patent 253*). Those who like real large white Roses will surely like this new variety. Notwithstanding its size, it opens well under almost all weather conditions, turning from ivory to white. A very robust grower with strong stems. 80 petals. \$1.00.

Mrs. G. A. Van Rossem. One of the most outstanding and reliable ones among the bronzy colored varieties. The color is a striking and gorgeous combination of orange apricot and gold and the petals are heavily veined with vermillion. 37 petals. 80c.

Mrs. Henry Bowles. A good actor in every way. Large, double, two-tone pink blossoms grow on sturdy bushes. 50 petals. 80c.

Mrs. Henry Morse. These blossoms are also two-tone pink but the buds are longer and not as double as those of Mrs. Bowles. 35 petals. 80c.

Mrs. John Bell. The large double tango or copper pink blooms are extremely popular. 38 petals. 80c.

Mrs. Pierre DuPont. One of the deepest yellow of all Roses. The numerous buds are a pretty shape and the color is very attractive. The bush is a low, compact grower. 38 petals. 80c.

Mrs. Sam McGredy. All who see this are immediately captivated by its showy copper and apricot colors and its pretty shaped buds. Not an especially strong grower but that makes very little difference with those who see it. 38 petals. 85c.

Nellie E. Hillock (*Plant Patent 185*). A fine, bushy grower like its parent Golden Dawn. It has deep pink blooms with the inside of the petals silvery pink. Deliciously fragrant blossoms and disease-resistant foliage like its parent. 51 petals. \$1.00.

Pedralbes. Maybe this is the new white Rose you have been longing for. It is a delightful blossom that comes out in a cream shade with an unusually long bud and opens to a charming semi-double, pure white blossom with showy yellow stamens. The blossoms hold well on the stems, are borne very freely on a strong growing bush with abundant foliage. \$1.00.

Phyllis Gold. We like its pretty yellow blossoms very much. The large golden petals form a globular bud which opens into a well-shaped, fragrant bright yellow blossom. Very free bloomer. 22 petals. \$1.00.

Pink Dawn. Glorious deep-rose buds open into large, lovely pink blooms tinted with orange at the base of the petals. Sweetly fragrant, fully double and of vigorous, upright habit. \$1.00.

Quantity discounts on last page

HYBRID TEA ROSES , Continued

Pius XI. Well-shaped double blossoms come out a cream color and turn white in the sun. 39 petals. 80c.

Polly. The light pink blossoms are shaded yellow at the base of the petals. The blooms are urn-shaped, double and well formed. 40 petals. 80c.

President Boone. The deep red blooms are magnificent. They are large, velvety and well formed, but sometimes their stems are too weak to hold them upright. The bush is a good, upright grower \$1.00.

President Hoover. One of the most popular of all Roses; it is good in every respect. Tall, upright growth produces long stems and the blossoms are wonderful in all stages of development. The long, reddish buds open into flame-colored blooms that are large and exquisite. 25 petals. 80c.

President Plumecocq. The showy salmon and apricot blooms are produced on tall, upright bushes. I highly recommend it. 34 petals. 80c.

Prince Felix. This new red Rose is one of the strongest growers. The blossoms are of fair size, of medium red color and are good for cutting. 36 petals. 85c.

Queenlands Beauty. A fine pink sport of Golden Dawn. It has all the good qualities of its parent, disease resistant, blooming ability, artiscticness, fragrance, form and size. 45 petals. \$1.00.

Queen Mary (*Plant Patent 249*). One of the finest new Roses. A lovely pink overcast with glowing salmon and orange at the base of the broad petals. Long pointed buds and large full flowers with delicate perfume. The plants are good vigorous growers. \$1.50.

Radiance. Everyone knows it as an easy foolproof Rose. The two-tone pink blossoms are always in ball or bud form and are produced quite continuously even when other varieties are resting. The bush is a large grower. 30 petals. 80c.

Radiant Beauty (*Plant Patent 97*). The originators state that it is a cross between Radiance and Francis S. Key. The red blooms are large and double like Key and the bush is a good grower. 63 petals. \$1.00.

Radio (*Plant Patent 197*). Being a descendant of Condesa de Sastago, it has all its good qualities of vigor, size, hardiness and fragrance. The blossoms vary greatly in color; basically yellow, the petals are striped unevenly and sometimes blottedched with pink but no two are alike so it is always interesting. \$1.00.

Ramon Bach (*Patent rights reserved*). Large blossoms of apricot yellow come on long, straight stems. It is a beautiful Rose and a good grower. \$1.50.

Red Radiance. Like Radiance, it is an easy grower. Its blossoms are light red and stay in bud form. Its long stems are produced by a large growing bush. 30 petals. 80c.

Rev. F. Page-Roberts. The perfect shape and color of its flowers has made it one of the favorite Roses. The inside of the large blooms is a deep golden yellow and the outside a soft red. The bush is a low grower. 35 petals. 80c.

Rex Anderson (*Plant Patent 335*). These Roses of beautiful form and great size turn from cream to white. They come 1 to 3 on a stem in rapid succession. The plant is a good, vigorous grower. \$1.50.

Rochefort (*Plant Patent 191*). Those who see this new variety like it at once. Its salmony copper color is fascinating and the blossom is large, double and well shaped. The stems are strong and the bush is a good grower. 58 petals. \$1.25.

Rome Glory (*Plant Patent 304*). Large crimson red buds on long, strong stems open into beautiful full, well formed fragrant cerise red blooms. They are large and last well either cut or on the bush. \$1.50.

Roslyn. Real Sunflower yellow blossoms. The blooms are large and rather loosely formed. The bush is a big, sturdy grower. 30 petals. 80c.

Rouge Mallerin. These deep red blossoms are so showy that they can be picked out way across the Rose field. They are large and double. 41 petals. 85c.

San Diego. A two-tone yellow and buff. The blossom is of good form, of medium size and the bush is a low, compact grower. \$1.00.

Schwabenland. The immense pink blooms are borne on long stems. If you want large blossoms you should surely get this new Rose. 70 petals. 80c.

Sentinel. This light red Rose with good stems for cutting is the one given to the American Rose Society by Allister Clark of Australia. 38 petals. 80c.

Severine. Quite a distinctive coral shade. A small Rose of unusual form with a very long slim bud. Great for the buttonhole. 23 petals. 85c.

Shirley Temple. This new Rose is a dainty light yellow which opens up beautifully and is a good Rose for cutting as well as a good grower. This is the Rose that was named through a national naming contest conducted by us. 35 petals. 85c.

Signora (*Plant Patent 201*). A real masterpiece in both plant and bloom. The long bud of a warm, burnt sienna opens to a lighter hue called mandarin, indescribably beautiful. The bush is a tall grower with every bloom coming on a long stem. 27 petals. \$1.25.

Sir Henry Segrave. It uncurls so beautifully and holds the center so well that it always gives a lot of pleasure. The color is cream or light yellow. The growth is strong, symmetrical and foolproof. 60 petals. 85c.

Sister Therese. I am very fond of this semi-double Rose. I like the beautiful, long golden buds and when they open the large, broad, apricot yellow Roses are very striking with their brownish stamens in the center. It seems to be a foolproof grower everywhere. 22 petals. 85c.

Souv. de Claudius Pernet. Long the most popular yellow Rose, it is losing in popularity because of its defects in the early Summer of a black center and greenish colored petals. Its yellow color and fine form are great in the late Summer and Fall. 44 petals. 80c.

Souvenir de Jean Soupert. Long, golden yellow buds unfold to broad cream-colored blooms of heavy texture. Strong growth. 85c.

Souv. de Mme. Chambard. Have you seen the charming two-tone coral pink blossoms of this sterling Rose? They are a new shade and very beautiful. The bud holds well in the center of the opening blossoms. 40 petals. 80c.

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Edouard Schill



Texas Centennial

Glamour Group

Five glamorous stars that will shine in your garden for only

\$3.85

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Sister Therese

In buying
Wyant Roses
you are buying
the best.

They are called
“two-year-old”
but have a full
three season’s
growth before they
are sold

Edith Nellie Perkins

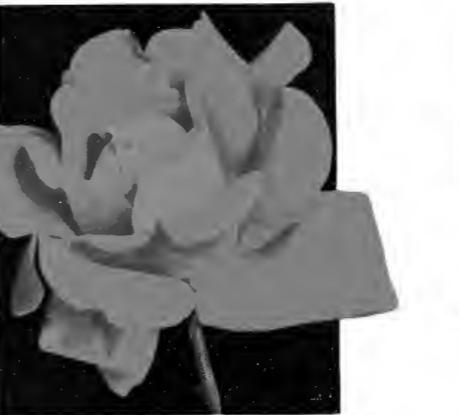
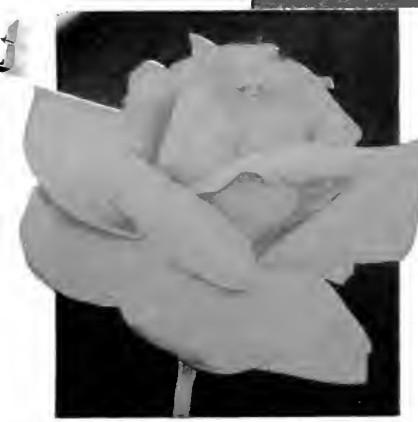


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THIS GARDEN COLLECTION
Sixteen Roses—for only \$9.95
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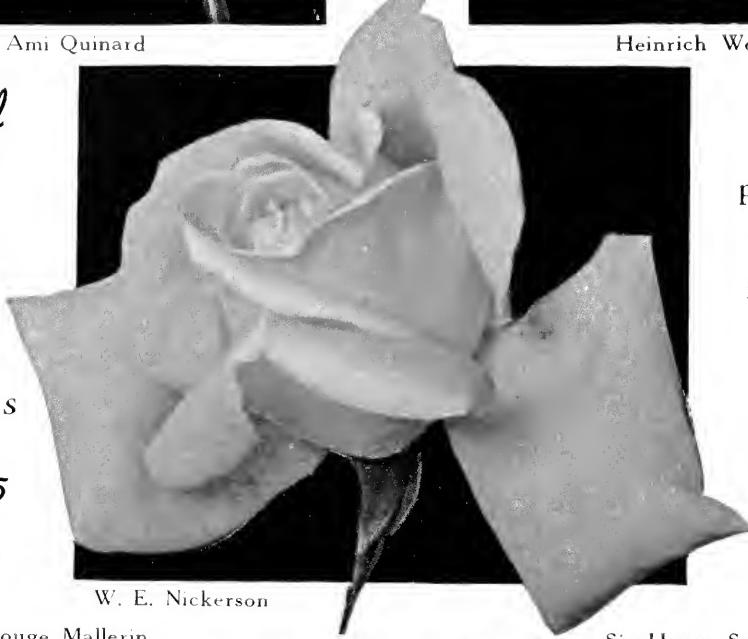


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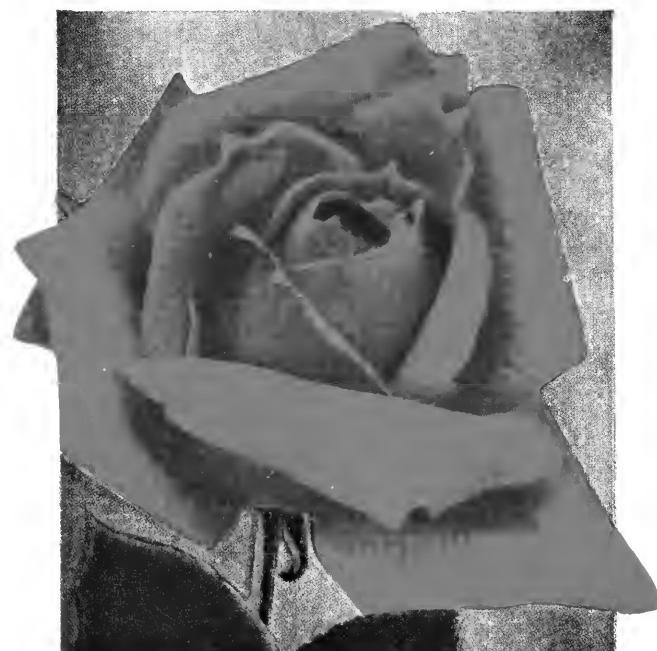


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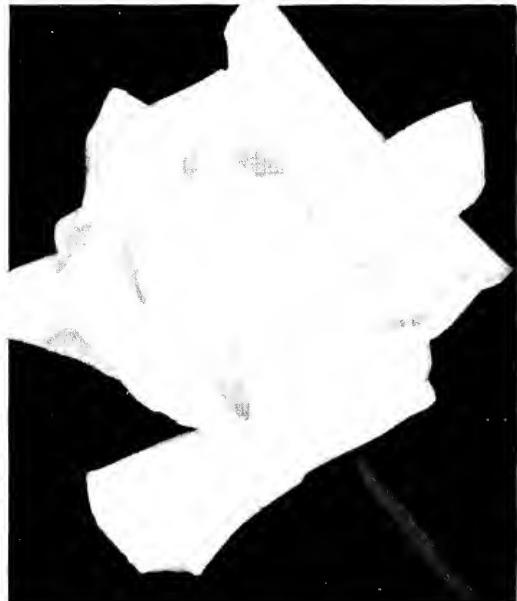
You will be
proud to introduce
Wyant Roses
into your garden.

Their sturdy
growth
insures you
success and
pleasure

Rouge Mallerin



Sir Henry Segrave



HYBRID TEA ROSES , Continued

Stargold (*Plant Patent 248*). I like this new variety. Its yellow blossoms are so bright in color they glisten. The petals curl giving the medium sized blossoms a star-like appearance. Spicy fragrance. An upright, strong grower. 32 petals. \$1.00.

Sterling (*Plant Patent 21*). A new, strong growing pink Rose that at times is simply marvelous. The pink turns to gold at the base of the large petals, giving it a luminous sheen. The buds are long and the blossoms large and double. 37 petals. \$1.00.

Sunstar. A novel Rose. In the bud it is deep golden touched with carmine. As it unfolds the color changes decidedly to a pink and yellow with a deeper pink edging. Semi-double and charming for those who like the more single types. 16 petals. 80c.

Talisman. Almost everyone knows this two-tone striking blossom. The yellowish color on the inside and the reddish on the outside of the 30 or more petals makes a long remembered sight. The stems are a little weak during the Summer but in the Fall they are great. 80c.

Temno. This low growing bush produces a great number of blackish red blossoms. They are not black but not far from it. Strongly perfumed. 37 petals. 80c.

Texas Centennial (*Plant Patent 162*). It is a sport of Hoover and like it in every respect except color. Its color is a blood red toning to cerise and sometimes shows a trace of yellow. A tall grower like Hoover. 25 petals. 85c.

The Doctor. The enormous broad, satiny pink blossoms are entrancing. With such a large flower, of course the bud is immense. The plant is a moderate, upright grower. \$1.00.

Una Wallace. If there were more who knew this charming pink Rose it would be in great demand. The buds are long and the blossoms are produced singly at the ends of long stems. 50 petals. 80c.

Victoria Adelheid. A new multicolored Rose that is very striking. The large, fat buds open into yellow and red variegated blossoms, quite large and double. The plant is a fair grower. 40 petals. 85c.

Victoria Harrington. Pointed buds of blackish red open into high centered, dark red, unfading flowers. In the open blossom the petals are curled back giving a distinct Cactus form unmatched by other Roses. 38 petals. 85c.

Ville de Paris. Another good yellow Rose. It is a good reliable grower with long, wiry stems. Its color is very deep and lasting. A globular flower of 27 petals. 80c.

Warrawee (*Plant Patent 140*). When you see this beautiful Rose you can't help but love it. The long, soft, shell pink pointed buds are borne on plants of notable vigor and health. 30 petals. \$1.00.

W. E. Chaplin. One of our best red Roses. The blossom is large and shapely and a good deep red. The bush is a strong, moderately low grower. 33 petals. 80c.

Wm. E. Nickerson. One of the good newer Roses. The color is a deep pink and the blossoms are well formed, quite double and long lasting. 44 petals. 80c.

Wilhelm Kordes. The variable colorings is one of its high points. Its colors range from gold through salmon to pink, depending upon the weather. A medium low grower. 45 petals. 80c.

William F. Dreer. The soft blending of peach pink into yellow makes it a very lovely Rose long to be remembered. 33 petals. 80c.

William Orr. The large, brilliant crimson blossoms are of great form when opening. They are produced freely on strong bushes. 45 petals. 80c.

Will Rogers (*Plant Patent 256*). It is too bad that a Rose with such a wonderful name couldn't have been a wonderful Rose. It burns in hot weather, but at other times is a deep blackish red of medium size with about 40 petals. \$1.00.

HYBRID PERPETUALS

Hybrid Perpetuals or "June Bloomers" generally burst forth into a marvelous display of blooms in June. Many will also again bloom during the season. Their flowers on the whole are more richly fragrant than any other class and are of very large size. The plants are too large to fit in a Rose bed of Hybrid Teas but are more foolproof and long-lived.

Frau Karl Druschki. It is the best known and loved of all Hybrid Perpetuals. It is a very strong, tall grower which blooms sparsely during the Summer and Fall after bearing bountifully in the Spring. Pure white when open with prominent yellow stamens but no fragrance. 75c.

General Jacqueminot (**General Jack** for short) One of the greatest favorites of the old Roses. It has large, very double, deep red blossoms mostly in June. 75c.

Georg Arends. The charming perfect pink blooms make it greatly esteemed. The flowers are high centered and especially well formed. 75c.

Gloire de Chedane-Guinoisseau. Some name, but a wonderful Rose. It is large, well-formed and has dark, velvety crimson blooms. 80c.

J. B. Clark. The very large red blooms are shaded maroon. The bush is a very vigorous, tall grower. 75c.

King George IV. An antique variety that has been brought back into commerce. The blossoms are a magenta red of medium size and many petals. 80c.

Mrs. John Laing. You can't forget the delicious fragrance of its large, full, double, soft pink cupped blooms. They come occasionally in the Summer as well as abundantly in June. 75c.

Paul Neyron. The largest pink Rose; it attains enormous proportions but it lacks fragrance. The stems are almost thornless. Produces some of its immense blooms in the late Summer. 75c.

S. M. Gustave V. A new, very worthwhile Hybrid Perpetual. It blooms throughout the season, giving large, very attractive cherry red flowers. 80c.

Ulrich Brunner. The cherry red blossoms are always refreshing. The blooms are large, globular and very lasting. 75c.

Plant several of the same variety of
Roses to get more artistic bouquets

POLYANTHAS

The Polyantha or Baby Rambler Roses bloom almost continuously throughout the season. They have clusters of flowers like the Climbing Ramblers but are low growing, mostly about 18 inches in height. The Polyanthas are very foolproof. They require little or no Winter protection and are quite free from disease. Their popularity is increasing rapidly on account of their mass of bloom and many uses. A clump of three or more should generally be used instead of single specimens to get the maximum effect.

The larger-flowered varieties are listed together under Floribunda.

Cameo. A new and distinctively attractive color described by its name. It is a soft and pleasing shade that will combine well with most other colors. A reliable compact grower about 18 in. high. 75c.

Cecile Brunner (Sweetheart). This famous little Rose has charming miniature, perfect buds of sea-shell pink. The plant is a small, wiry grower. 80c.

Ellen Poulsen. A dandy light rose pink in very large clusters. The light green foliage is varnished looking. 15 to 18 in. high. 75c.

Gloria Mundi. This is the most striking color of all the Polyanthas. The spectacular color is a bright scarlet range. The plant is a compact grower, about 20 in. high. 75c.

Ideal. The best among the red Polyanthas. It is a good reliable grower attaining 2 ft. with immense clusters of deep red blooms. Each little blossom has a white center making them still more striking. 75c.

Minionette. The small white blossoms are borne in large clusters very continuously. It is an old variety that is still unexcelled. 2 ft. 75c.

Pompon De Paris. An old Fairy or China Rose. Tiny buds not much larger than a grain of wheat open into miniature pink blossoms about as large as your thumb nail. The bushy plants have miniature foliage, grow about a foot high and are continually in bloom. 75c.

FLORIBUNDA

This new classification, the Floribunda Roses, was originally classed under the Polyanthas, but they are quite distinct because they have larger blossoms. They are advanced hybrids of the Polyanthas and bloom equally as much, usually in large clusters and like them give a mass effect.

Anne Poulsen (*Plant Patent 182*). A strong, robust grower to 3 ft. Large, 3 in., semi-double, flat, deep crimson blossoms. Very profuse and continuous. Scented. 75c.

Dagmar Spath. Clusters of broad pure white blossoms with golden centers make this an alluring variety. \$1.00.

Donald Prior (*Patent rights reserved*). The blossoms are the brightest of the Floribundas. They are semi-double, bright scarlet and freely produced on a 20-in. plant. The blossoms are about the same size but much brighter than Kirsten Poulsen and the bush is a lower grower. \$1.00.

Else Poulsen. A good tall grower that is a fine match for Kirsten. The single blossoms about 2 in. in diameter are silvery pink and come in flat racemes. 75c.

Gruss an Aachen. This variety has blossoms as large and double as Hybrid Teas. They are flesh pink and are borne in clusters. 1 ft. 75c.

Improved Lafayette. Such a great improvement over Lafayette that it is difficult to see the resemblance. This is a taller grower, 3 ft., larger blossoms, about 3 in. and a deeper red. A profuse bloomer and very spectacular. 80c.

Karen Poulsen. Very large, single, unfading brilliant scarlet flowers in clusters. Strong, upright growth. 80c.

Kirsten Poulsen. Single, broad, 2-in. blossoms are a light red. The bush is one of the tallest Polyanthas, about 3 ft. 75c.

Lafayette. Has long been a favorite. The compact, little bush is very showy with its large, light crimson flowers. 75c.

Margy. Bushy compact plants of medium height produce showy, brilliant red blossoms about 2 in. in diameter. \$1.00.

Mrs. R. M. Finch. A large grower with large blossoms. Double shell pink blooms are produced in great clusters. Many times during the Summer a row of these looks like a bank of snow. The buds are often used by florists for corsage purposes. 2½ to 3 ft. high. 75c.

Sunshine. Orange-colored, medium-sized blooms come out very early in the Spring and recur throughout the season. Small, 1 ft. compact plants. 85c.

Tip Top. A low grower (10 in.) with dainty little, multicolored blossoms with reflexed petals. Also called Baby Doll. The petals are light pink, heavily veined and gold at their base. 75c.

Topaz (*Plant Patent 300*). Tiny golden yellow blossoms are double and perfect, with pleasingly reflexed petals. The plant grows about 1 ft. high and blooms almost continuously. In the heat of the Summer the blooms turn cream color, but are always very attractive. \$1.25.

World's Fair (*Patent applied for*). A startling new variety, first introduced at the New York World's Fair. The large velvety blooms are blackish scarlet with prominent golden stamens. Medium height. \$1.00.

FOLLOW THE PLANTING AND CULTURAL DIRECTIONS

CLIMBING ROSES

The Climbing Roses offered here are the best of their class. Like other styles, the styles in Climbers have changed. Very few of the old Ramblers are planted; the demand is almost entirely for the newer Climbers which have long stems suitable for cutting, disease-resistant foliage and large blossoms. They are not as rampant growers as the old-fashioned Ramblers.

American Pillar. A very vigorous Climber with great clusters of pink flowers with white centers and tufts of yellow stamens. Plan on a lot of room for it. \$80c.

Blaze (*Plant Patent 10*). Bright scarlet blooms of medium size are borne in clusters on stems of fair length. The plant is covered in June with these balls of fire and then again several times during the growing season there is considerable bloom. It has strong, pillar type of growth. \$1.00.

Climbing American Beauty. The blossoms come out a good red color but in a few days turn to a deep pink. They are fragrant, large and ball-shaped, very closely resembling Red Radiance in size, color and form. An early Spring bloomer, fine for cutting. 80c.

Climbing Mrs. Bowles. A climbing Hybrid Tea so not reliably hardy, but will come through with protection. Produces large, gorgeous pink blossoms with reflexed petals during the Summer as well as in abundance in June. A strong grower. \$1.00.

Doubloons (*Plant Patent 152*). My favorite Climber. One of the new Horvath Hybrids; extremely hardy. A large, vigorous grower with big, double, bronze yellow blossoms. A very prolific bloomer. I strongly recommend it. \$1.50.

Dr. Eckner. A very attractive, new hardy Climber which blooms some during the Summer as well as in June. Its colors vary according to their age and the weather from two-toned Talisman shades to a beautiful yellowish pink. \$1.00.

Dr. Huey. Do you want the deepest red Climber? This one has single blossoms so deep and velvety that they seem almost black. A late Spring bloomer over a long period. 80c.

Dr. Van Fleet. Large, shell pink flowers on long stems. Waxy foliage and very vigorous growth. One of the favorite Climbers but its popularity is giving way to the everblooming New Dawn. A late Spring bloomer. 80c.

Elegance (*Patent pending*). The blossoms are as perfect as any Hybrid Tea. The overall deep yellow blooms come on long stems. The plant is a vigorous grower and is hardy in zero weather. \$1.25.

Flash (*Patent applied for*). The most intense flashing color of any Climber we know. Vivid orange scarlet on the inside and the outside yellow suffused with scarlet. It is a free bloomer and as far as we know at present it is hardy. \$1.00.

Golden Climber (*Plant Patent 28*). The large, golden yellow blossoms maintain their color until they fall and are of beautiful form. Not as free blooming as we would like but we believe our strain is superior in this respect. It is best to grow it in full sunlight. It is a vigorous grower with beautiful thorns, foliage and blossoms. \$1.00.

Iceland Queen. A new lovely white Rose that is perfect in every respect. The large, double blossoms are freely produced on a strong growing plant. \$1.25.

Inermis. The Rose of superlatives. The earliest blooming; stems absolutely thornless; the hardest; one of the most fragrant. Rose pink, 2-in. blossoms freely produced. Foliage slightly subject to mildew. 80c.

Kitty Kininmonth. One of the delightful Australian varieties that blooms over a long period. The large, broad, bright pink blossoms with golden stamens are supremely lovely. Pillar type. Recurrent. \$1.00.

Mme. Gregoire Staechelin (*Spanish Beauty*). The cupped blossoms are a flesh pink flushed with crimson and the petals are attractively curled. Not particularly hardy but greatly loved each Spring that it does bloom. 80c.

Mary Wallace. The long buds that come out in the Spring are great for cutting. Large, semi-double flowers of a bright rose pink on long stems. A very strong grower. 80c.

Mermaid. A delightful large, single yellow that blooms continuously. Likes to trail; needs some Winter protection. One of the loveliest Roses I know. \$1.00.

New Dawn (*Plant Patent 1*). The most nearly ever-blooming of all the climbing Roses. It is the ever-blooming form of Dr. Van Fleet. The large soft pink flowers appear almost continuously during the Spring, Summer and Fall. \$1.25.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. All who see its numerous, well-formed, glistening scarlet flowers are immediately thrilled by it. A strong, hardy, upright grower. Mid-Spring. 80c.

Peggy Ann Landon (*Patent pending*). The earliest blooming yellow Climber. Large clusters of orange yellow, 2-in. blossoms are borne on stiff stems. An abundant bloomer and strong grower. \$1.25.

Scorcher. The stunning, fragrant flowers of gorgeous scarlet are semi-double and open to about 4 in. Blossoms over a long period in the Summer as well as in the Spring. Pillar type. \$1.00.

Silver Moon. In the late Spring beautiful cream colored buds on long stems open to semi-double flowers about 4 in. across. They are pure white enhanced with golden yellow stamens. One of the most vigorous of all Climbers. 80c.

Summer Snow (*Patent rights reserved*). A new Climber, very effective for a fence. Clusters of real white, small blossoms recur throughout the Spring, Summer and Fall. \$1.50.

Please cooperate by following the simple planting directions accompanying each order, even if you have planted Roses before.

PLANT EARLY — TO GET GOOD RESULTS

MISCELLANEOUS ROSES

These Roses do not come in any of the classes before listed and in planting should not be set in beds with Hybrid Teas. The following varieties are particularly valuable in masses, hedges, in shrub borders, or as specimen shrubs on account of their masses of bloom, their hardiness, healthiness and their ability to thrive even under adverse conditions.

Agnes. A yellow Rugosa variety that is wonderful in the Spring. It has large, very double, deep bronzy yellow flowers. A tall, upright grower. 75c.

Austrian Copper. An ancient variety which is the forerunner of many of our modern Roses. It is distinctly two-tone. Yellow on outside and cerise on inside of the small petals. It is an abundant June bloomer. 75c.

Christmas Rose. Produces white, waxy blossoms profusely outdoors from Thanksgiving until Christmas and then off and on all Winter. The Christmas Rose (*Helleborus niger*) is a low, compact grower with evergreen foliage, about 6 in. high and really belongs to the rock garden or among the perennials. 75c. each, 3 for \$2.00.

Conrad F. Meyer. The light pink blooms are very large and double and occur occasionally throughout the Summer. Very vigorous, thorny and fragrant. 75c.

F. J. Grootendorst. In bloom from early Spring until late Fall. Blooms in large clusters of fringed Carnation-like red flowers. 3 to 4 ft. upright growth. 75c.

Harisons Yellow. One of the lovely old-fashioned shrub Roses that we see in the early Spring around the older farm houses as we drive through the country. 75c.

Hermosa. One of the old China Roses from which many of our Hybrid Teas were originated. The medium-sized pink blossoms are borne continuously during the Summer on plants about 2 ft. high. 75c.

Hugonis (The Golden Rose of China). The bright yellow flowers, about 2 in. across come out the earliest of any Rose in the Spring. It grows about 6 ft. high and its branches arch over gracefully. 75c.

Moss Roses. The old favorites are noted for their delightful fragrance as well as for the attractive, mossy clothing of the bud. Pink. 75c.

Pink Grootendorst. Just like F. J. Grootendorst except that it bears light rose pink blossoms. 75c.

Rubrifolia. This is a unique, all year-round Rose. In the early Spring it has great quantities of small, pink, star-shaped blooms. Then it bears odd, red-colored foliage from which it gets its name. Early in the season reddish orange berries or hips form which hold through the Fall and early Winter and then also in the Winter you have its reddish stems for a contrast. 4 to 5 ft. high. Quite a rose for only 75c.

Vanguard. A great Rose. Grows about 8 ft. tall, so may be used either as a shrub or pillar Rose. Has very large, shiny foliage and beautiful, large blossoms of salmon and apricot shadings. 75c.

York & Lancaster. An ancient variety that is quite different. It is said to have originated from the War of Roses. In the Spring it produces large, semi-double white blossoms which are streaked and striped with red. 2 to 2½ ft. growth. 75c.

**VISITORS ARE ALWAYS WELCOME
AT WYANT'S DISPLAY GARDEN**

TREE ROSES

When Tree Roses are planted at appropriate spots in your garden they give it an accent and atmosphere of distinction. Their strong, 3½-foot stems and good big tops which seem to bloom more and better than the bush Roses make a great sight throughout the season.

For Winter protection their roots should be loosened on one side so they can be laid down and covered over with soil.

List—\$3.00 each

Apricot Dawn	Lady Ashtown
Condesa de Sastago	Mme. Jules Bouche
Duquesa de Penaranda	Mrs. E. P. Thom
Etoile de Hollande	President Hoover
Golden Dawn	Radiance
Joanna Hill	Red Radiance
Mabelle Stearns	

Foolproof Roses

Because of the loving and painstaking care that is given Wyant Roses for the 3 years that they are in our nursery, they are easier to have success with than most Roses. But, if you desire, you can go still farther than that. There are some varieties of Hybrid Teas that are so easy of culture that they can rightly be called Foolproof Roses. The following is such a collection.

Apricot Dawn	Mme. Jules Bouche
Betty Uprichard	Mrs. Charles Bell
Dooryard Delight	Queenlands Beauty
Duch. of Wellington	Radiance
Etoile de Hollande	Red Radiance
Golden Dawn	Sir Henry Segrave
Lady Alice Stanley	Sister Therese

These 14 Roses, valued at \$12.90, for only
\$8.40

To Keep Your Roses Looking Their Best

WYANT ROSE DUST

OUR NEW ALL IN ONE DUST

This new Wyant Rose Dust which controls all the important pests without further aids is a wonderful addition to the economical line of Wyant dusts. It is easily and quickly used as a dry dust in a dust gun.

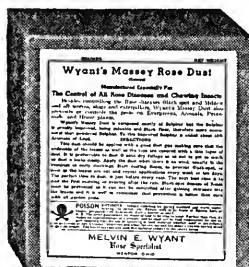
Wyant Rose Dust contains 1% Rotenone and 65% Sulphur. This makes a dust that can be relied upon to produce satisfaction for most all pests on Roses and other plants if it is used timely and efficiently. It is best dusted onto the plants in the evening when the air is calm, before the dew comes and at frequent intervals, generally about once a week.

The 1% Rotenone in Wyant Rose Dust is non-poisonous to animals or human beings, but will control both aphids and chewing insects effectively. The 65% Sulphur is the same wonderful colloidal compound that is used in Wyant Massey dust. This 65% is enough sulphur to prevent Black Spot, Mildew and other diseases and is so fine that it goes a long way, making it every economical to use.

4 lbs for.....	\$1.10 postpaid
10 lbs. for.....	\$2.50 postpaid
25 lbs. for.....	\$6.25 postpaid

WYANT MASSEY DUST

The Most Effective and at the Same Time Probably the Cheapest Preventive of Rose Diseases



Wyant Massey Dust is used in dry form for the control of all plant diseases and chewing insects. It looks like sulphur but is a colloidal compound that is many times more effective than powdered sulphur. This dust is so fine that it sticks readily to dry foliage and is so toxic to disease that it is a powerful preventive to all diseases if applied often and

timely. In rainy spells it may be necessary to dust several times a week and in hot, dry weather very little or no dusting is done. The average is an application once a week but the time of application must be governed according to the wind and rain and not according to the calendar. Applying the dust calm evenings just before the dew has been found to give fine results.

Wyant Massey Dust is sulphur colored but it should not be applied heavily enough to badly discolor the foliage and should be applied with a good dust gun so as to get it on the undersides of the leaves as well as the top surfaces. This dust is also often used to kill the worms on vegetables and perennials and to prevent the diseases on many other garden flowers. It is the same dust we use in the fields to dust our Rose bushes.

5-lb. carton.....	\$1.00 postpaid
25-lb. bag.....	\$4.00 postpaid
50-lb. bag.....	\$7.50 freight paid
100-lb. bag.....	\$12.00 freight paid

Wyant Hot Weather Dust

The same high quality dust as above, except it is without poison and therefore is used solely for the prevention of plant diseases. It is to be used in the heat of the Summer or in enclosed gardens with little circulation of air where it gets very hot so that there might be danger of the foliage getting burned. We use this dust in our fields from about July 1 to Sept. 1. Prices same as above.



A triple-acting spray controlling Black-spot, Mildew, Blight, Sucking and Chewing Insects on Roses. If you prefer spraying to dusting we recommend this as the best of the spray materials.

Small Kit (For 25 Roses).....	\$1.50
Medium Kit (For 75 Roses).....	4.00
Large Kit (For 150 Roses).....	6.00
Estate Kit (For 500 Roses).....	20.00

Kits are sufficient for season

Lime Sulphur

We have taken on this product for the convenience of our customers. There are many who wish to give their Rose beds a spraying in order to sterilize the soil so as to help keep Black-spot from spreading so rapidly the following Spring and Summer. This disease starts in the Spring from spores on diseased leaves that fell to the ground. A thorough spraying of the soil in the early Winter and again in the early Spring before the leaves are out with about 1 lb. of Lime Sulphur to 4 gallons of water greatly helps prevent the spread of the disease spores and makes the prevention of Black-spot easier. Spray the dormant plants, soil and even the grass paths surrounding the bed.

1-lb. can, 35c.; 8-lb. bag, \$1.00 postpaid

Pomo-Green WITH NICOTINE

To Be Used for Everything That Effects Roses

Leaf green, *all-in-one* material to be used as either a dry dust or spray for Black Spot, Mildew, Rusts, Blight, Leaf-eating Insects and Sucking Insects (Aphids) on Roses. It can also be used on annuals, perennials and shrubs. Highest endorsement by American Rose Society.

5-lb. can.....	\$3.00 postpaid
50-lb. drum.....	\$21.00 freight paid

PROPER EQUIPMENT MAKES IT FUN



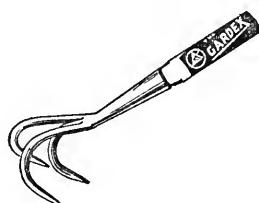
Wyant Dust Gun

An efficient, economical dust gun is one of the essential tools for Rose growing. The one which we highly recommend, holds about one quart of dust, has a 24-inch extension with a curved nozzle and is so well constructed that it should last you as long as you raise Roses. It shoots the dust in a cloud onto the undersides of the leaves and spreads evenly

and economically on all leaf surfaces and operates so easy that children love to work it. Any of our dusts may be left in the gun from one time to another without harm. \$1.25 each, postpaid.

For gardens of 100 or more Roses I recommend our 2-quart gun, 48 inches long overall, which even though much larger, is very easy to operate.

\$2.50 each postpaid.



Gardex Cultivator

For large or small gardens, this easy to operate tool is unsurpassed. The position and construction of the high carbon steel tines cause them to penetrate any soil with ease as they loosen and cultivate the ground thoroughly to the necessary depth.

The operator can easily get into small places without breaking branches with this new cultivator. Excellent quality and attractive low price.

Complete with 4 ft. handle.....85c.



Pruning Shears

It is a pleasure to work with good tools. The shears pictured here are light, durable and well made. We use these shears in our own work and find them so much superior to most pruning shears that we are offering them to our customers. \$2.50 postpaid.



Metal Weatherproof Tags

Every Wyant Rose can be identified for years to come from the weatherproof embossed aluminum name tag attached to it before shipping. This permanent labeling is done for you without additional charge and helps to keep your Rose garden well classified. Additional labels made to order, 3c. each.

Wyant Rose Food A High Quality Fertilizer

The organic fertilizers composing Wyant Rose Food last longer and are less dangerous than the commonly used chemical fertilizers. We tried different fertilizers for several years on our Roses and finally definitely decided that this food is better than anything else we have ever had.

An Organic Food

In contrast to the Chemical Fertilizers, Wyant Rose Food is made up of almost all organic foods. These organic foods are put together in such a way that they produce a perfect balanced food for Rose growth. The analysis is 7-8-5 but that is not as important as the fact that this food makes stronger, healthier bushes which will produce more and better Roses.

No Filler

Wyant Rose Food contains no filler. Every particle of it can be used by the plant to make brighter, bigger and better Roses. It is prepared primarily for Rose bushes but it can be used to advantage on other growing plants. Instructions for use with each package.

Wyant Rose Food

100-lb. bag at.....	\$6.25, freight or express
50-lb. bag at.....	\$4.00, postage 2nd zone, 60c.
25-lb. bag at.....	\$2.25, postage 2nd zone, 33c.
10-lb. bag at.....	\$1.00, postage 2nd zone, 16c.

The above prices are F.O.B. Mentor
Ohio customers, don't forget sales tax

Introducing WYANT ROSE PERFUME

Essence of Roses

Do you remember the sweet aroma of those beautiful Roses? It is so cherished in June that we had a famous French Professor of Perfume blend a perfume from some of the rich Rose oils to match the delightful odors of certain fascinating Roses in our fields. Now you can carry that scent with you throughout the year.

You may not be in the habit of using Rose perfume but you will find that Wyant Rose Perfume lifts you up and gives you that dressed up feeling which makes you gay and confident. And men like it; there is no denying that Wyant Rose Perfume will make you seem more than ever the right woman to the man in your life.

Perfume your skin with it so that the aroma will float about you as you move around. After an hour or two you will like it even better than when you first smelled it. It develops a richer, more alluring odor on your skin.

If you will want to try some of Wyant Rose Perfume, you will find it is tantalizing, soft and seductive. There are two kinds, one at 75c. per dram and the other at \$1.00 per dram, both in leakproof bottles so that they are safe to carry. They are each full of sweetness and they are both extremely lasting.



Perfume

The fragrance of Roses is due to the presence of an extremely volatile oil they contain. The oil is least volatile in the cool and dew of early morning, but as the day warms fragrance becomes apparent. By 9 or 10 A.M. the sun is again evaporating the oil just as fast as the plant can supply it, result—little or no perfume until evening. Roses cut and brought indoors have a constant fragrance. In the fields of Damask Roses abroad, where the oil is produced for commercial distillation, the petals are picked at 4 or 5 A.M. in the morning.

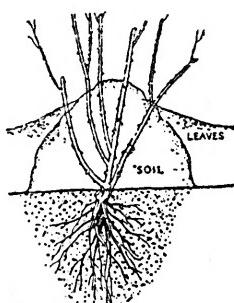
CULTURAL REMINDERS

Complete Instructions for Planting Roses Are
Included with Each Shipment

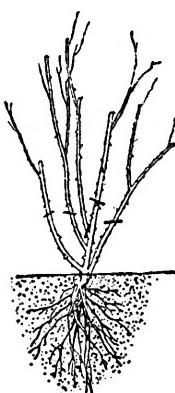
1. Begin right by buying Wyant Roses.
2. Plant in the Fall or as early as possible in the Spring, March or early April.
3. When Roses are received don't let them dry out.
4. Spray plants, bed and surrounding paths with lime sulphur before growth starts in the Spring.
5. As soon as Winter protection is removed, prune off dead wood and cut down small branches.
6. Fertilize at least each April, June and August, if you want the best results. Bonemeal is the only chemical fertilizer that may be applied to newly planted Roses.
7. Be systematic about controlling insects and diseases.
8. Disbud when side buds are very tiny if you want to produce specimen blooms.
9. Prune climbers only when they get too large for your trellis.
10. In pruning climbers remove the oldest canes after they bloom in June or July.



Proper Spring Pruning
for older plants if
branches are relively high up



Hilled up, pruned a bit.
and covered for Winter.
Either old or new plants



Showing where Rose
should be pruned for
Spring planting. Note
depth of planting

WYANT ROSES are Quality Roses

Wyant Roses are of the highest quality; are all two-year, field-grown budded bushes. Having been raised in the severe climate of northern Ohio by a Rose specialist, they will produce satisfaction in your garden if given a chance.

Please Read Carefully Before Ordering—

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS

Select the One to Apply on Your Order

15% discount on 12 to 24 Roses which are not Patented varieties.

20% discount on 25 or more Roses which are not Patented varieties.

33½% discount on 100 or more Roses, not Patented, in quantities of at least 5 of a kind; f.o.b. Mentor.

The discounts do not apply to the Collections

Discount on Patented Varieties

3—\$2.00 Patented Roses.....	\$1.70 each
3—\$1.50 Patented Roses.....	\$1.25 each
3—\$1.25 Patented Roses.....	\$1.05 each
3—\$1.00 Patented Roses.....	\$0.85 each

Any 3 or more patented varieties at the 3 rate. No further discount on the patented kinds.

Any equally good variety will be substituted if any of the kinds ordered are sold out unless requested not to. The correct name will be put on the bush as we guarantee all Wyant Roses to be true to name.

Order early or send a list of second choice varieties so as to avoid disappointment.

All shipments sent prepaid except Rose Food and 100 Roses

These prices and discounts supersede all previous lists

Ohio Customers Add Sales Tax

MELVIN E. WYANT

Rose Specialist
INC.

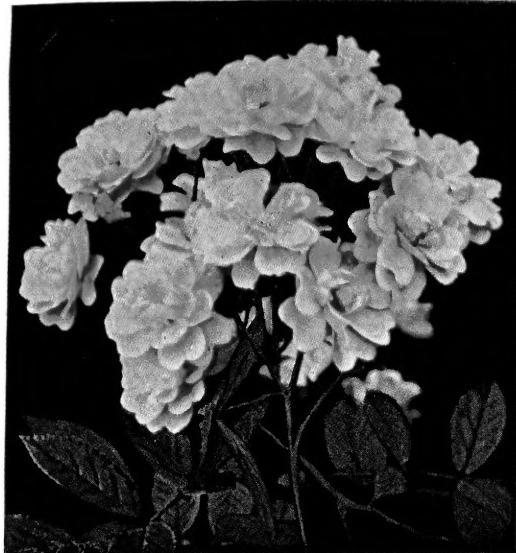
MENTOR, OHIO

TWO GARDENS—1½ miles east of Mentor, Garden and Storage Cellar on Route 84;
Garden on Route 20

VISITORS ARE ALWAYS WELCOME



Wyant's Dust Gun is efficient, easy to operate and inexpensive



Ellen Poulsen

Everblooming Collection

These kinds bloom even more than the Hybrid Teas. Several of one variety are recommended over one of each kind. In addition to the two shown we include Cameo, an orange-pink of similar type. The bargain goes either way one each of three kinds, or three - - - - - \$2.00



Hugonis (The Golden Rose of China)

Wyant Roses
are
BLUE BLOOD ROSES

Hugonis

The Golden Rose
of China

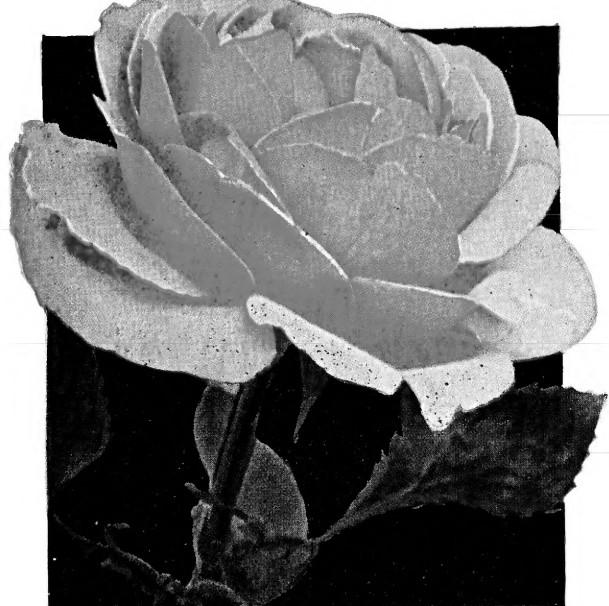
It's bright yellow flowers in early spring lend color in the shrub border

or as a specimen plant

Very hardy

Each 75¢

A group of 3
for \$2.00



Dr. Eckner

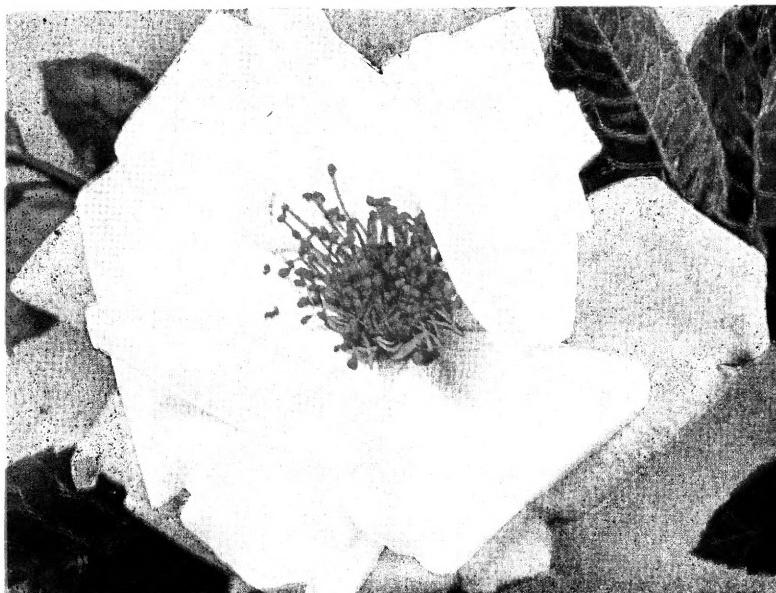


Scorcher

*Hardy
Climber
Collection*

All 5
fine
climbers
for only
\$3.85

Regular price
\$4.40



Paul's Scarlet

Silver Moon

**Melvin
E.
Wyant
Rose
Specialist
Inc.**

**Mentor,
Ohio**

Mme. G. Staechelin

